The Body Effect

In an integrated circuit using MOSFET devices, there can be **thousands** or **millions** of transistors.



As a result, there are thousands or millions of MOSFET source terminals!

But, there is only **one** Body (B) the Silicon **substrate**.

Thus, if we were to tie (connect) **all** the MOSFET source terminals to the single body terminal, we would be connecting **all** the MOSFET source terminals to each other! > This would almost certainly result in a useless circuit!

Thus, for integrated circuits, the MOSFET source terminals are **not** connected to the substrate body.

Q: Yikes! What happens to MOSFET behavior if the source is **not** attached to the body ??

A: We must consider the MOSFET Body Effect!

We note that the voltage v_{SB} (voltage source-to-body) is **not** necessarily equal to zero (i.e., $v_{SB} \neq 0$)! Thus, were back to a **four-terminal** MOSFET device.

There are **many** ramifications of this body effect; perhaps the most significant is with regard to the **threshold voltage** V_{t} .

We find that when $v_{SB} \neq 0$, a more **accurate** expression of the threshold voltage is:

$$V_{t} = V_{t0} + \gamma \sqrt{2\phi_{f} + v_{SB}} - \gamma \sqrt{2\phi_{f}}$$

where γ and ϕ_f are MOSFET device parameters.

Note the value V_{tO} is the value of the threshold voltage when $v_{SB} = 0$, i.e.:

 $V_t = V_{t0}$ when $v_{SB} = 0.0$

Thus, the value V_{t0} is simply the value of the device parameter V_t that we have been calling the threshold voltage up till now!

In other words, V_{t0} is the value of the threshold voltage when we **ignored** the Body Effect, or when v_{SB} = 0.

It is thus evident that the term:

$$\gamma \sqrt{2\phi_f + v_{SB}} - \gamma \sqrt{2\phi_f}$$

simply expresses an **extra** value added to the "ideal" threshold voltage V_{t0} when $v_{SB} \neq 0$.

For many cases, we find that this Body Effect is relatively insignificant, so we will (unless **otherwise** stated) **ignore the Body Effect**.

However, do **not** conclude that the Body Effect is **always** insignificant—it can in some cases have a tremendous impact on MOSFET circuit performance!